# Emerging Pediatric Infectious Disease

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SEPTEMBER 19, 2014
PEDIATRIC EMERGENCY RESPONSE
WORKSHOP



#### Outline

1. Pediatric Biomarkers in Ebola

**EID** 

2. Enterovirus D68

**MMWR** 

3. Care of the Critically Ill and Injured During
Pandemics and Disasters CHEST

#### Pediatric Biomarkers in Ebola

1. Biomarker Correlates of Survival in Pediatric Patients with Ebola Virus Disease

- McElroy, Anita et al
- Emerging Infectious Diseases, CDC
- Volume 20, No.10, October 2014

# Uganda 2000-2001 Ebola Outbreak Total patients in outbreak

- 425 total cases
  - 145 pediatric
    - ×55 lab confirmed
      - o<sub>37</sub> included in study

### Uganda 2000-2001 Ebola Outbreak Study patients

Pediatric total

n = 37

Pediatric gender

F 23 (62%) M 14 (38%)

- Peds hemorrhage
- n=15 (41%)

Peds death

n=14 (38%)

Adult total

n = 49

Adult gender

- F 33 (67%) M 16 (33%)
- Adult hemorrhage
- n = 16 (33%)

Adult death

n= 27 (**55%**)

# Uganda 2000-2001 Ebola Outbreak Biomarker findings

- Children who survived had specific biomarker changes as compared to children who died
  - Higher levels of activated chemokines
  - Normal T-cell markers
  - Lower plasminogen activator inhibitor 1, soluble intracellular and vascular adhesion molecules
- Adults who survived vs. died were similar

#### **Conclusion:**

• Children with Ebola may require different treatment regimens.

#### Enterovirus D68

- 2. Severe Respiratory Illness Associated with Enterovirus D68 Missouri and Illinois, 2014
- Midgley C et al.
- Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report (MMWR),
   CDC
- September 12, 2014

#### Enterovirus D68

- Children's Mercy, Kansas City, Missouri
  - o Aug 5-19: cluster of severe respiratory illness
  - o rhino/entero+
  - o notified CDC Aug 19
  - o 19/22 specifmens + for EV-D68
- Comer Children's, University of Chicago
  - o notified CDC Aug 23 of a similar cluster
  - o 11/14 specimens + for EV-D68

#### Enterovirus-D68 Kansas City

#### 19 EV-D68+ Kansas patients:

- Median age: 4 yrs
- Prior asthma: 68%
- Resp distress and hypoxia: 100%
- Admit to PICU: 100%
- Febrile: 26%
- BIPAP: 4
- CXR: perihilar infiltrates, atelectasis

## Enterovirus-D68 Chicago

#### 11 EV-D68+ Chicago patients:

- Median age: 5 yrs
- Prior asthma: 73%
- Admit to PICU: 91%
- Febrile: 18%
- BIPAP: 2
- ETT:  $2 \rightarrow 1$  went on to ECMO
- CXR: perihilar infiltrates, atelectasis

#### **Enterovirus-D68 Summary**

- Refer to cdc.gov website for enterovirus-D68
- Ensure asthma action plan and controller meds for asthmatics
- Consider EV-D68 if you encounter a cluster of pediatric patients with severe respiratory distress
- Refer to pediatric center that can provide pediatric bipap, aggressive bronchodilation if severely ill

#### Care of the Critically Ill and Injured During Pandemics and Disasters

3. Introduction and Executive Summary: Care of the Critically Ill and Injured During Pandemics and Disasters: CHEST Consensus Statement

- Christian M, Devereaux A, Dichter J, Rubinson L, Kissoon N
- CHEST
- August 21, 2014

# Care of the Critically Ill and Injured During Pandemics and Disasters

- CHEST Task Force for Mass Critical Care
- >100 clinicians and experts with broad scope of clinical fields from > 9 countries
- Evidence-informed suggestions
- Rapid release given growing concern for Ebola
- To support bedside critical care providers, hospital administrators, public health officials and government planners

#### Care of the Critically Ill and Injured During Pandemics and Disasters

#### 13 manuscripts:

- Surge capacity
- Evacuation of the ICU
- Triage
- Special populations
- System level planning, coordination, and communication
- Business and continuity of operations
- Engagement and education
- Ethical considerations
- Legal preparedness
- The developing world: infrastructure and capacity building
- The developing world: response, recovery, and research